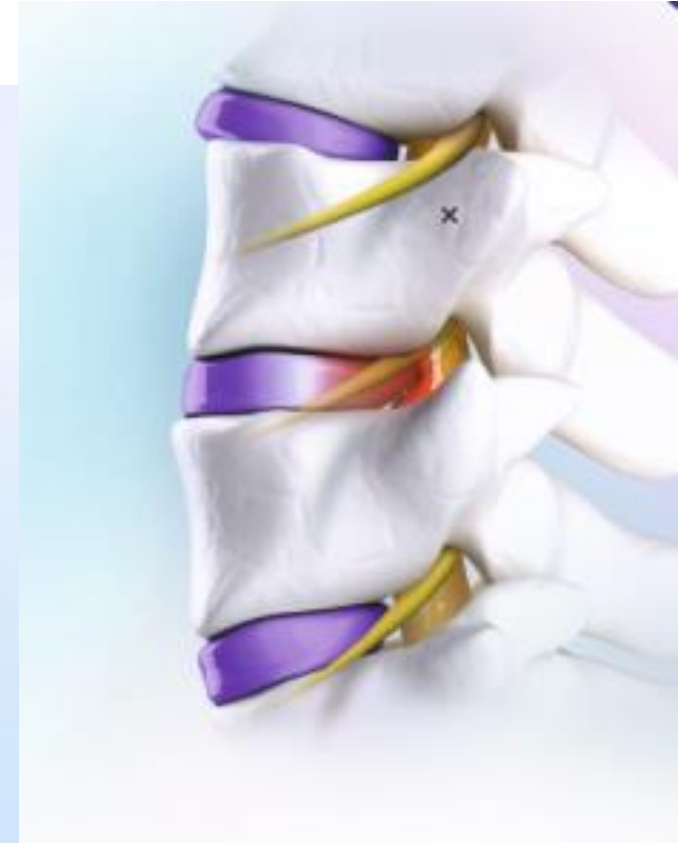


Cathéter orientable dans la gestion de la douleur radiculaire aiguë



Catheter FORA-B

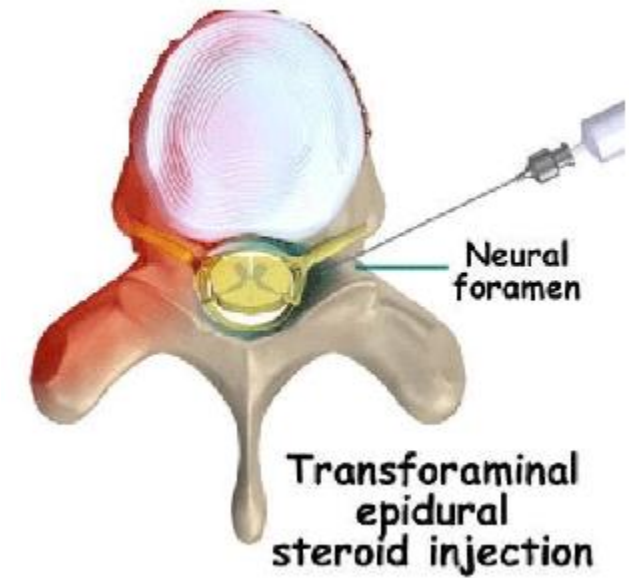
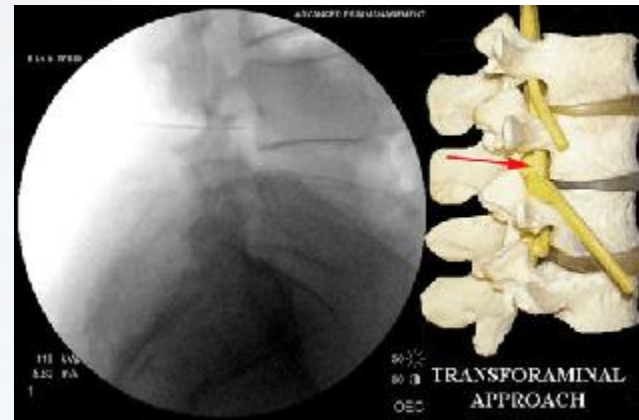
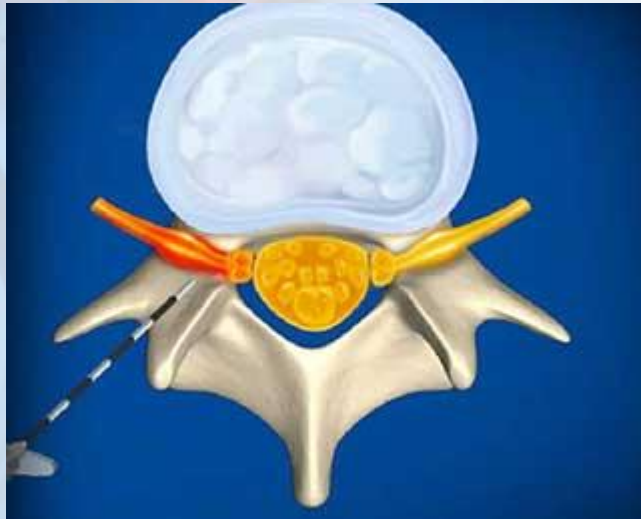
Cathéter péridural à ballonnet orientable



FORA-B a reçu
l'approbation de la
KFDA en 2014 et
CE

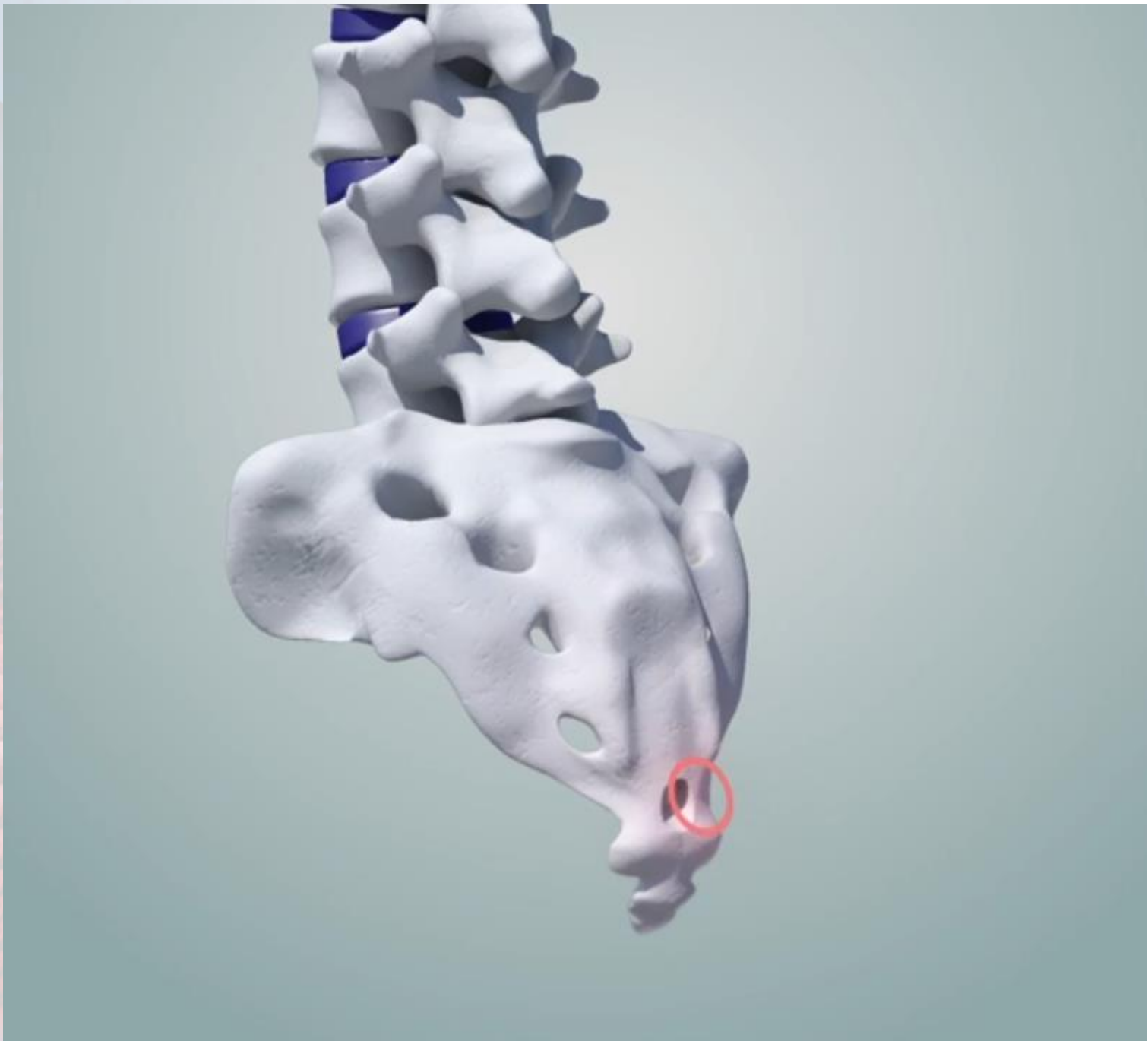
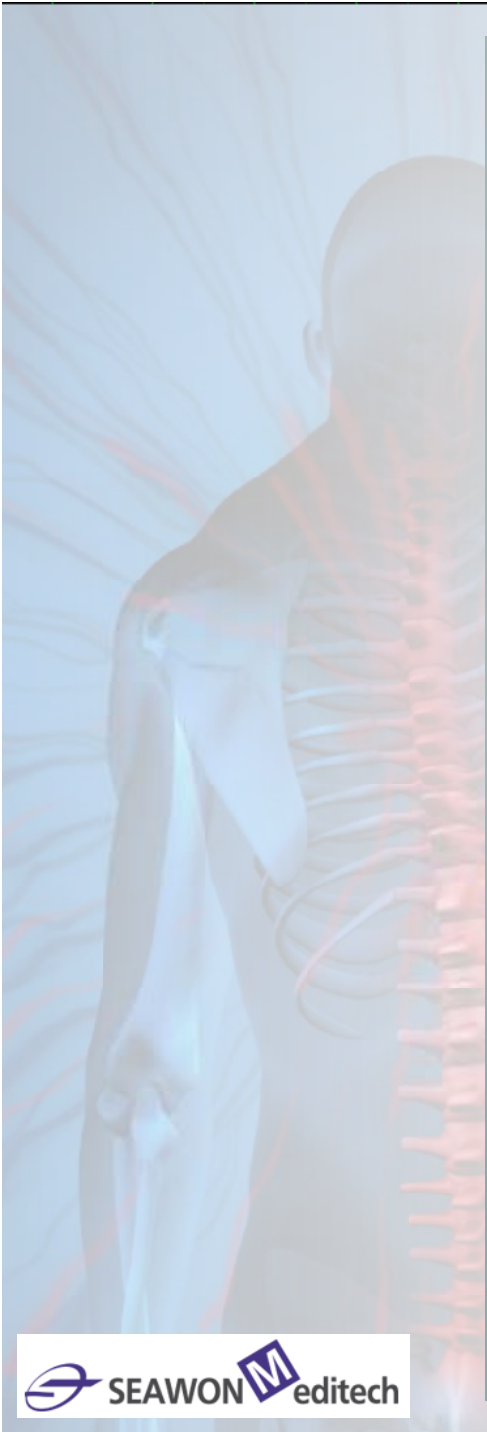
Traitement de la douleur chronique et l'inconfort de la colonne lombaire.
Approche précise à travers le canal rachidien pour un traitement précis.

Abord Transforaminal



Neuroplastie péridurale Percutanée

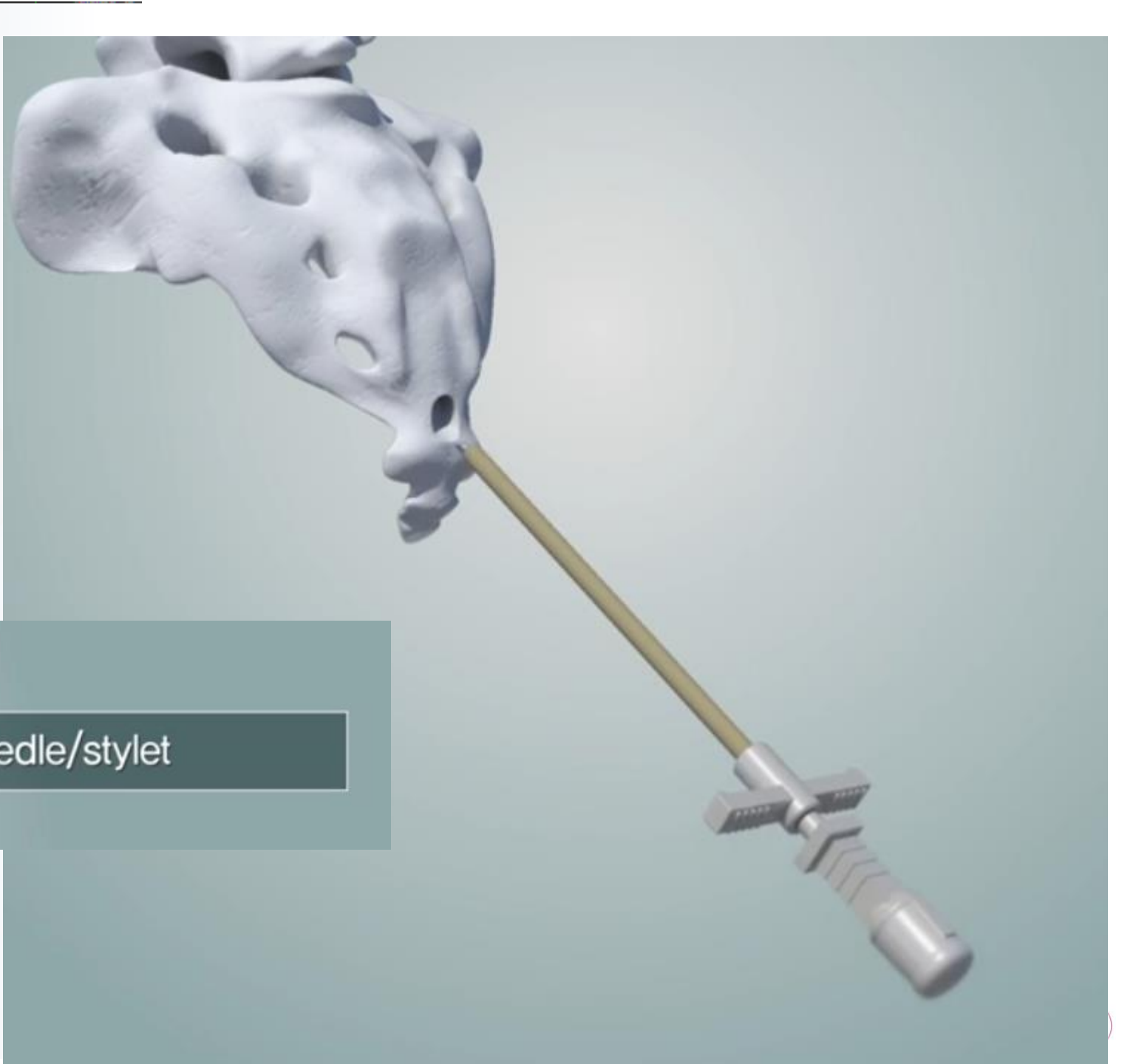
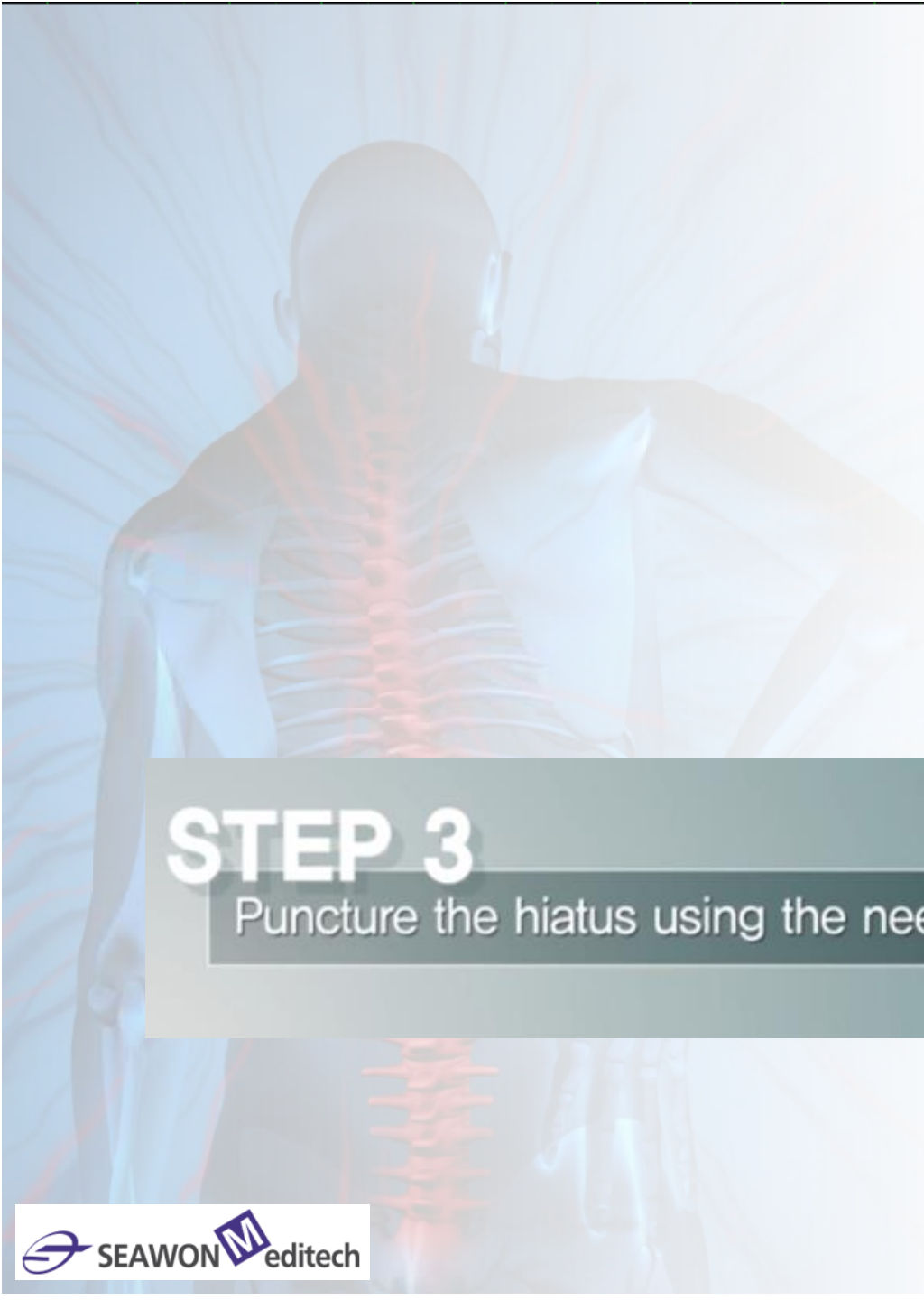






STEP 2

Inject lidocaine to anesthetize the patient for local anesthesia inside hiatus.



STEP 3

Puncture the hiatus using the needle/styler

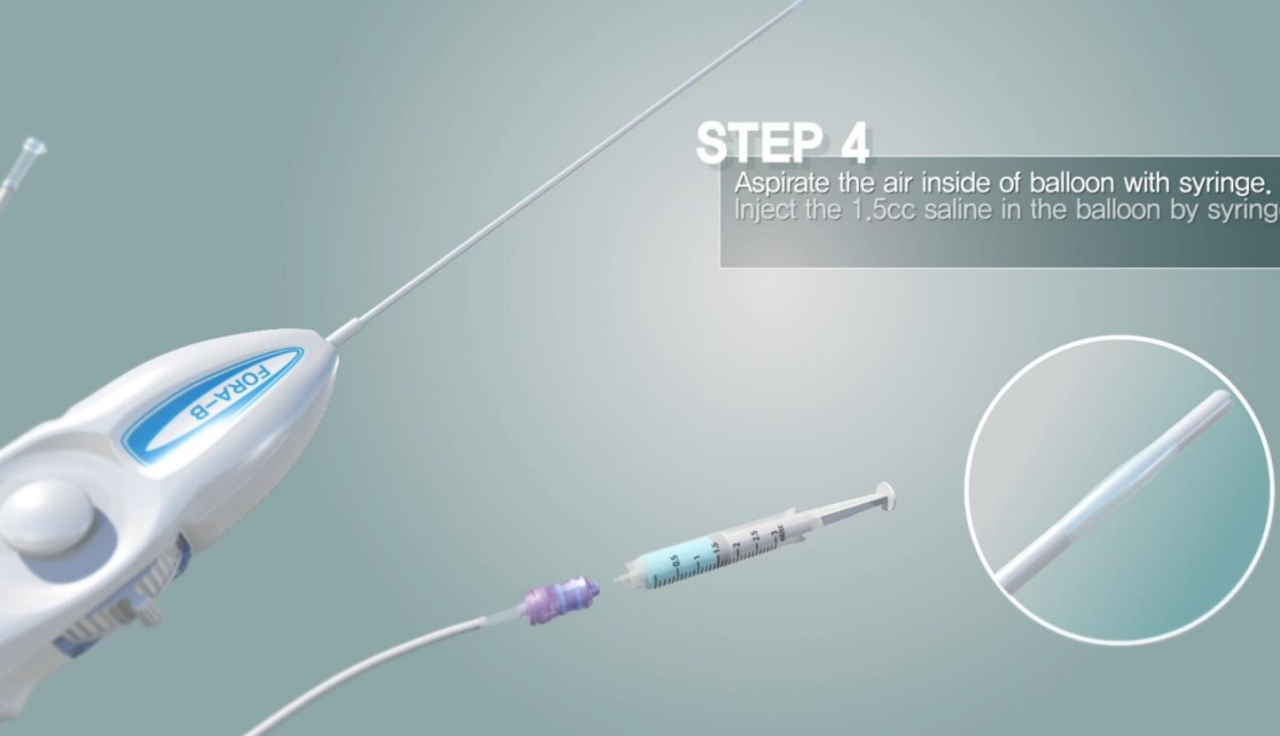
STEP 4

Aspirate the air inside of balloon with syringe. (3 times)



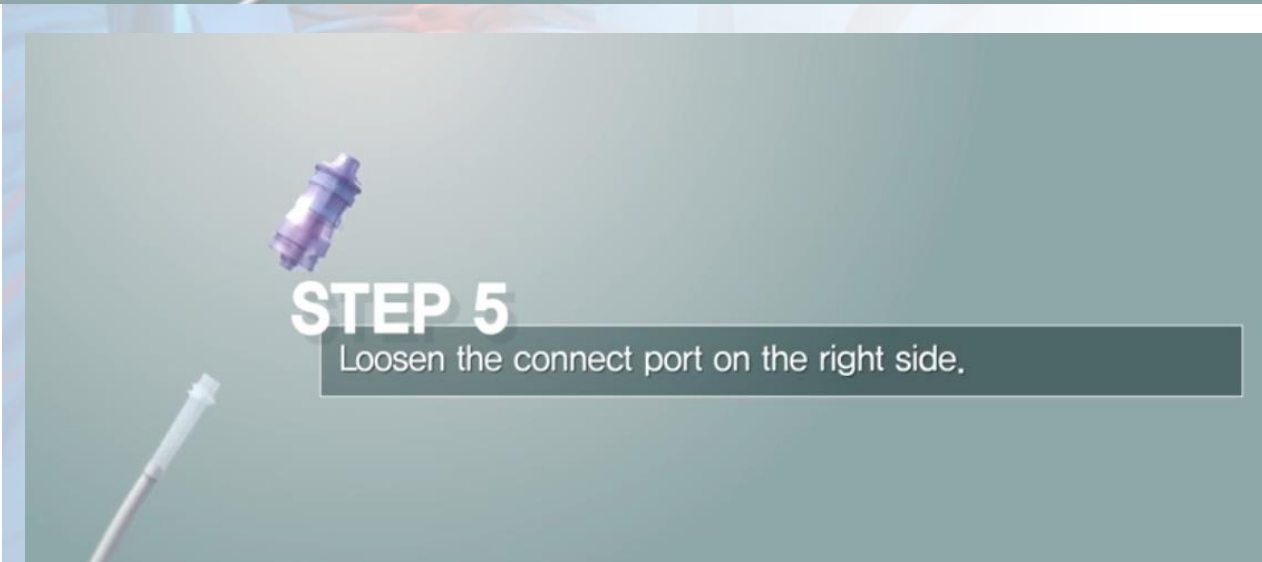
STEP 4

Aspirate the air inside of balloon with syringe. (3 times)
Inject the 1,5cc saline in the balloon by syringe, to check



STEP 5

Loosen the connect port on the right side.

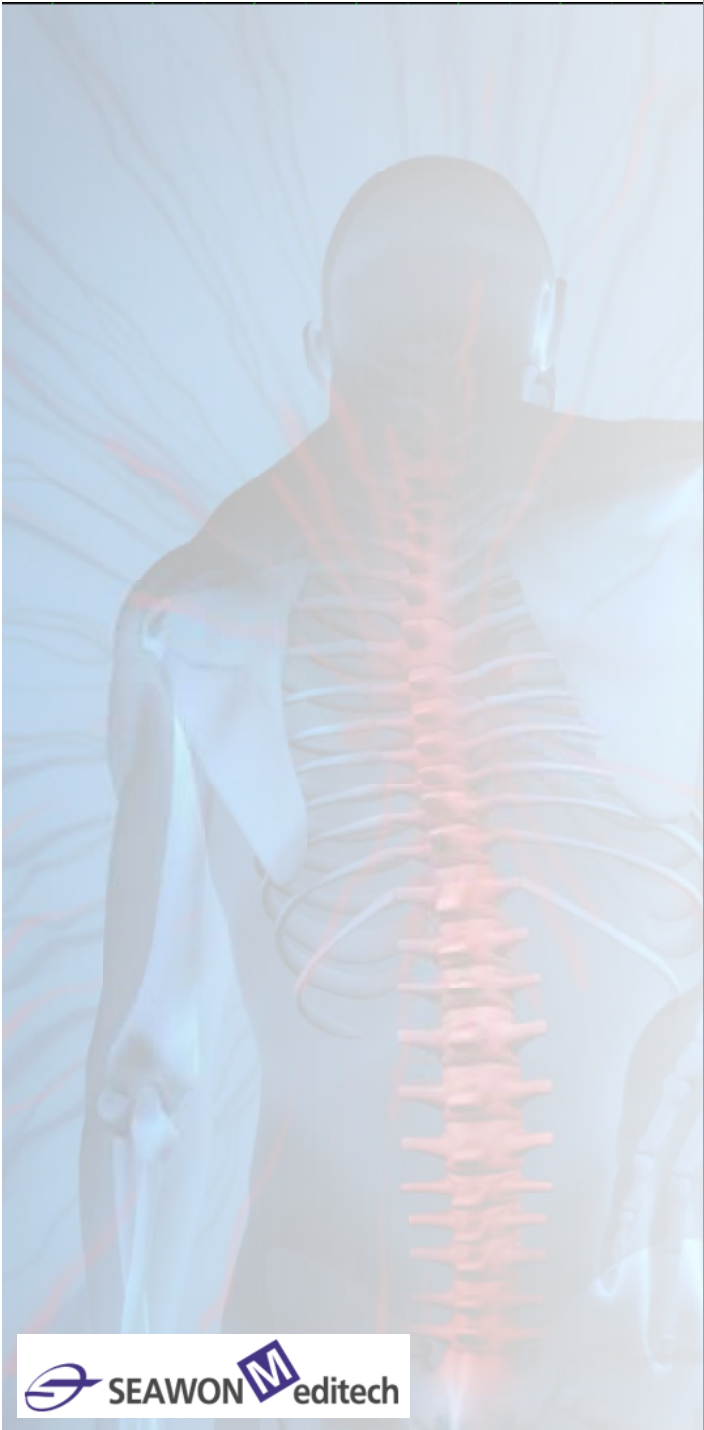


STEP 4

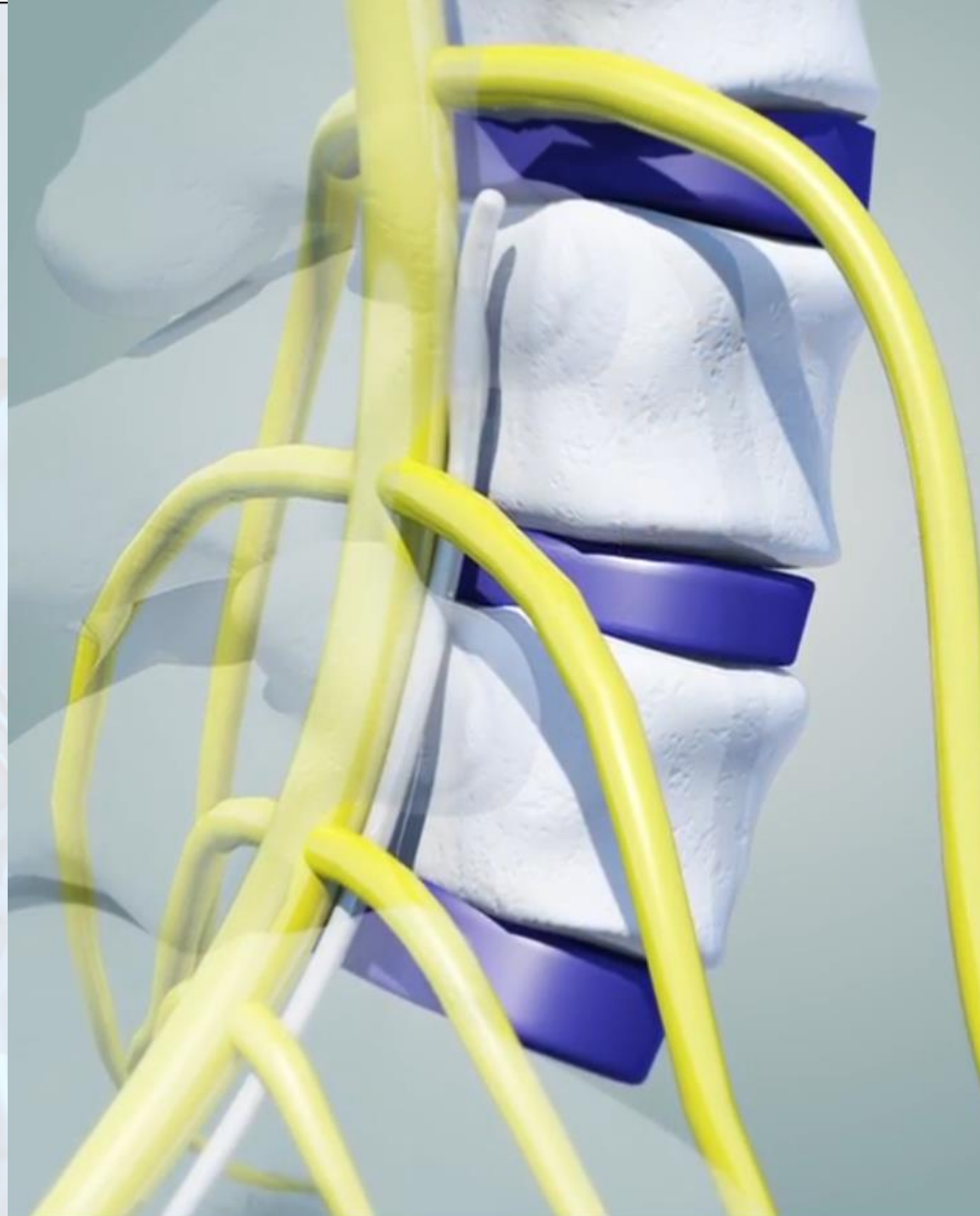
Aspirate the air inside of balloon with syringe. (3 times)
Inject the 1,5cc saline in the balloon by syringe, to check

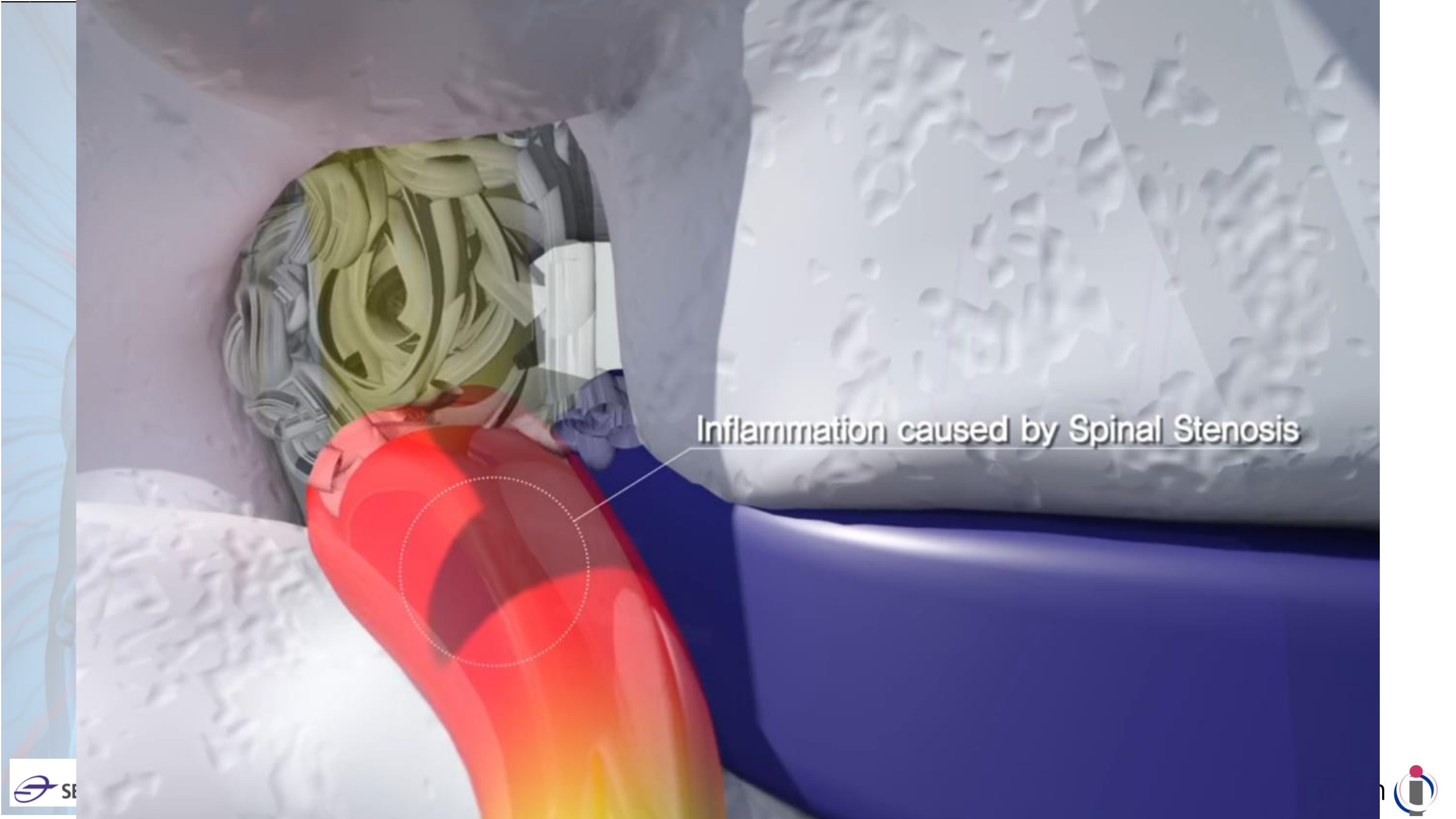
STEP 5

Loosen the connect port on the right side.

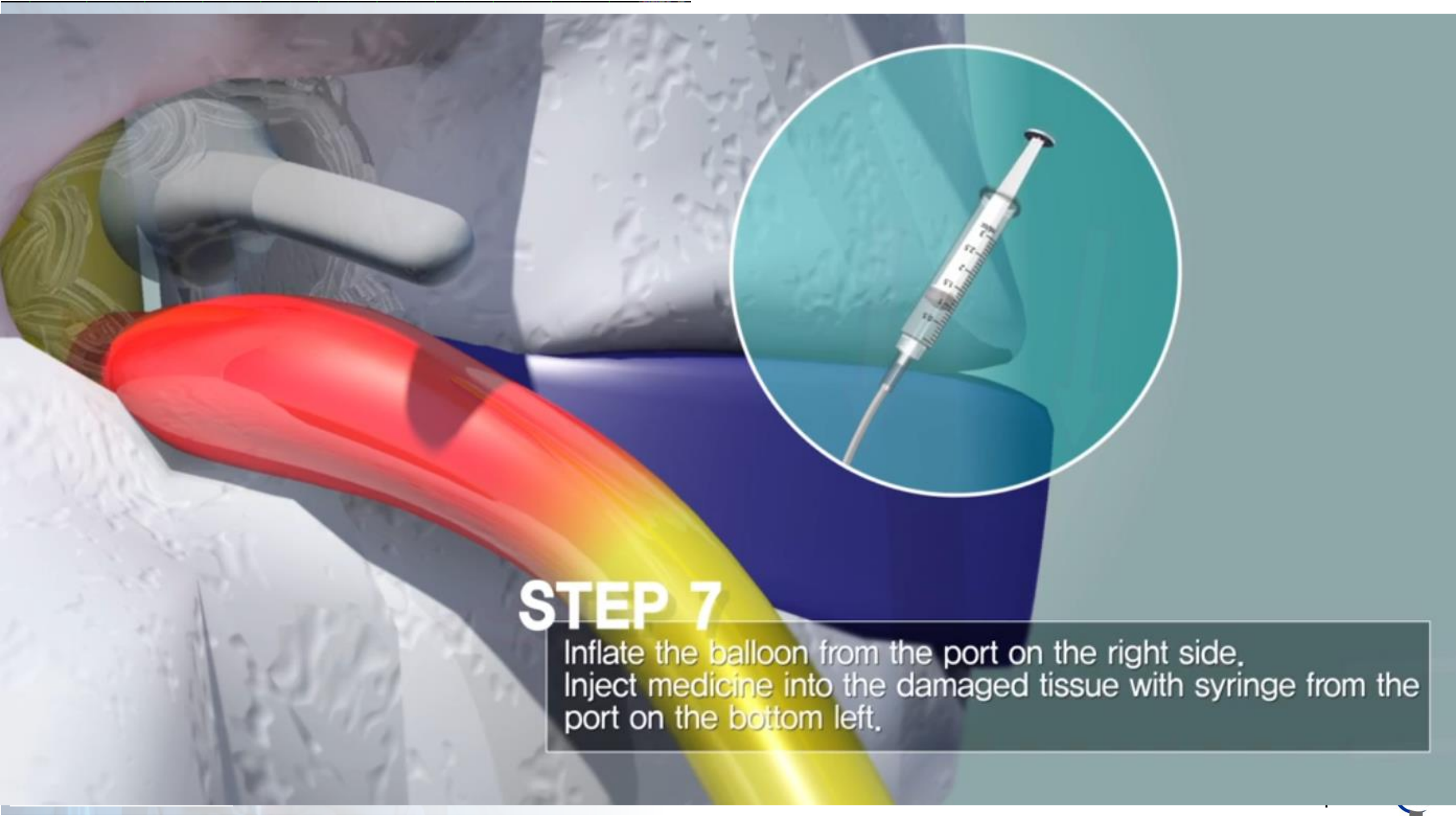


ST



A 3D anatomical model of a lumbar vertebra. The vertebral body is colored with a red-to-yellow gradient, indicating inflammation. A dashed white circle highlights a specific area on the anterior surface of the vertebral body. A white line connects this circle to a text label. The surrounding bony structures are shown in a light gray, semi-transparent style.

Inflammation caused by Spinal Stenosis



STEP 7

Inflate the balloon from the port on the right side.
Inject medicine into the damaged tissue with syringe from the
port on the bottom left.

